

IMPROVING FOSTER CARE & ADOPTION SYSTEMS IN GEORGIA

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There are nearly 400,000 children in foster care in the United States, including around 11,000 children in Georgia.



Unfortunately, children in Georgia's foster care system experience frequent placement changes, which increases the risk of mental health issues.

ACCORDING TO A 2021 REPORT FROM THE

Annie E. Casey Foundation, of children who are placed in out-of-home care through the welfare system,

36% have been in more than two placements.







However, adoption and kinship placements can help mitigate this problem. Unfortunately, not enough children are placed with kin in Georgia.



IN 2021: 2,301 or 22% of foster children were placed with relatives but **6.650** or **63**% were placed in non-relative homes.



On average, 1,000+ Georgia youths age out of foster care each year at the age of 18 and exit the system with little support. Those who age out are more likely to experience homelessness and mental health challenges than children who haven't spent time in foster care. To reduce the number of youths who age out of foster care without finding a forever home, Georgia must take action to increase adoptions and reunification.

TO IMPROVE FOSTER CARE AND ADOPTION SYSTEMS, GEORGIA SHOULD:

- ★ Protect the religious liberty of faith-based foster care and adoption providers, such as FaithBridge and Georgia Agape. Neglecting to protect religious liberty means fewer adoption providers and more children stuck in the system.
- ★ Implement expanded and simplified adoption tax credits for foster families. The Georgia adoption tax credit is between \$2,000-\$6,000, which is lower than the federal credit.
- Support and utilize programs that aim to decrease the number of children entering foster care by connecting families in need with churches and communities, such as CarePortal.
- Better support foster parents by establishing comprehensive support programs that include pre-placement training to equip foster parents with the necessary skills to care for children with

- diverse backgrounds and experiences.
- Improve mental and behavioral healthcare for foster children by conducting periodic screenings, providing timely treatment, and passing traumainformed care legislation like Illinois's Public Act 099-0927.
- Review and eliminate burdensome regulations.
- ★ Improve communication between agencies and foster parents to ensure effective recruitment and matching processes for children and adoptive parents.
- Maximize the functionality and public awareness of data systems like the Georgia Adoption Exchange, an online database that allows prospective adoptive parents to create profiles and search for children available for adoption.

For more information, obtain the full report here.